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कोटा का रिपिटर्स (12th पास) का सर्वश्रेष्ट रिजल्ट देने वाला संस्थान

JEE ADVANCED 2018 RESULT



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AIR 120 Pankaj



AIR 146 Varun Goyal



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Total Selection 709/2084 = **34.02%**

JEE MAIN 2019 RESULT



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AIR 120 Eeshaan Jain

Students Qualified for JEE ADVANCED 2288/3316 = 68.99%



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CRITERIA FOR DIRECT ADMISSION IN STAR BATCHES

V STAR BATCH XII Pass (JEE M+A)

ELIGIBILITY

JEE Main'19 %tile > 98%tile

JEE Advanced'19 Rank (Gen.) < 15,000

P STAR BATCH XI Moving (JEE M+A)

NTSE Stage-1 Qualified or NTSE Score > 160

ELIGIBILITY

100 marks in Science or Maths in Board Exam

J STAR BATCH XII Pass (NEET/AIIMS)

ELIGIBILITY

NEET'19 Score > 450 Marks

AIIMS'19 %tile > 98%tile

H STAR BATCH XI Moving (NEET/AIIMS)

NTSE Stage-1 Qualified or NTSE Score > 160

100 marks in Science or Maths in Board Exam

Scholarship Criteria

JEE Main Percentile	SCHOLARSHIP+ STIPEND	JEE Advanced Rank	SCHOLARSHIP+ Stipend	
98 - 99	100%	10000-20000	100%	
Above 99	100% + ₹ 5000/ month	Under 10000	100% + ₹ 5000/ month	
NEET 2019 Marks	SCHOLARSHIP+ STIPEND	NTSE STAGE-1 2019 Marks	SCHOLARSHIP+ STIPEND	
450	100%	160-170	100% + ₹ 2000/ month	
530-550	100% + ₹ 2000/ month	171-180	100% + ₹ 4000/month	
550-560	100% + ₹ 4000/month	171-100	100 /0 + \ 4000/III0IIIII	
560	100% + ₹ 5000/month	180+	100% + ₹ 5000/month	

FEATURES:

- Batch will be taught by NV Sir & HOD's Only.
- Weekly Quizes apart from regular test.
- Under direct guidance of NV Sir.
- Residential campus facility available.
- 20 CBT (Computer Based Test) for better practice.
- Permanent academic coordinator for personal academic requirement.
- Small batch with only selected student.
- All the top brands material will be discussed.

PHYSICS [JEE ADVANCED - 2019] PAPER - 2



Section-I

- This section contains **EIGHT (08)** questions.
- Each question has **FOUR** option. **ONE OR MORE THAN ONE** of these four option(s) is(are) correct answer(s)
- For each question, choose the option(s) corresponding to (all) the correct answer(s)
- Answer to each question will be evaluated according to the following marking scheme.

Full Marks: + 4 If only (all) the correct option(s) is(are)chosen;

Partial Marks +3 If all the four options are correct but ONLY three options are chosen.

Partial Marks: + 2 If three or more options are correct but ONLY two options are chosen and both of which are correct:

Partial Marks: + 1 If two or more options are correct but ONLY one option is chosen and it is a correct option;

0 If none of the options is chosen (i.e. the question is unanswered); Zero Marks:

Negative Marks: - 1 In all other cases

For example, in a question, if (A), (B) and (D) are the ONLY three options corresponding to correct answers, then

choosing ONLY (A), (B) and (D) will get + 4 marks;

choosing ONLY (A) and (B) will get + 2 marks;

choosing ONLY (A) and (D) will get + 2 marks:

choosing ONLY (B) and (D) will get + 2 marks;

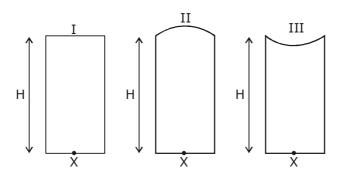
choosing ONLY (A) will get + 1 Marks;

Choosing ONLY (B) will get + 1 mark;

Choosing ONLY (D) will get + 1 mark;

choosing no option (i.e. the question is unanswered) will get 0 marks; and choosing any other combination of options will get - 1 mark

Three glass cylinders of equal height H = 30 cm and same refractive index n = 1.5 are placed on 1. a horizontal surface as shown in figure. Cylinder I has a flat top, cylinder II has a convex top and cylinder III has a concave top. The radii of curvature of the two curved tops are same (R = 3m). If H₁, H₂ and H₃ are the apparent depths of a point X on the bottom of the three cylinder, respectively, the correct statement(s) is/are:



$$(1) H_3 > H_3$$

(1)
$$H_3 > H_1$$

(2) 0.8 cm < $(H_2 - H_1) < 0.9$ cm

(3)
$$H_2 > H_1$$

$$(4) H_2 > H_3$$

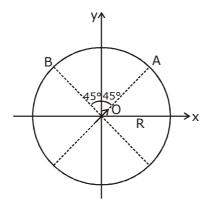
Ans.

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An electric dipole with dipole moment $\frac{p_0}{\sqrt{2}}(\hat{i}+\hat{j})$ is held fixed at the origin O in the presence of an 2.

uniform electric field of magnitude E₀. If the potential is constant on a circle of radius R centered at the origin as shown in figure, then the correct statement(s) is/are : (ε_0 is permittivity of free space. R >> dipole size)



- (1) Total electric field at point A is $\vec{E}_A = \sqrt{2} E_0 (\hat{i} + \hat{j})$
- (2) Total electric field at point B is $\vec{E}_B = 0$

(3)
$$R = \left(\frac{p_0}{4\pi\epsilon_o E_0}\right)^{1/3}$$

(4) The magnitude of total electric field on any two points of the circle will be same

Ans.

3. A free hydrogen atom after absorbing a photon of wavelength λ_a gets excited from the state n =1 to the state n = 4. Immediately after that the electron jumps to n = m state by emitting a photon of wavelength $\lambda_{\rm e}$. Let the change in momentum of atom due to the absorption and the emission

are Δp_a and ΔP_e , respectively. If $\lambda_a/\lambda_e=\frac{1}{5}$, which of the option(s) is/are correct ?

[Use hc = 1242 eV nm; 1 nm = 10^{-9} m, h and c are Plank's constant and speed of light, respectively]

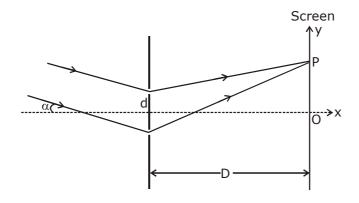
- $(1) \Delta p_a / \Delta p_e = \frac{1}{2}$
- (2) The ratio of kinetic energy of the electron in the state n = m to the state n = 1 is $\frac{1}{4}$
- (3) $\lambda_{\rm e} = 418 \text{ nm}$

 $(4) \, m = 2$

Ans. 2,4



4. In a Young's double slit experiment, the slit separation d is 0.3 mm and the screen distance D is 1 m. A parallel beam of light of wavelength 600 nm is incident on the slits at angle α as shown in figure. On the screen, the point O is equidistant from the slits and distance PO is 11.0 mm. Which of the following statement(s) is/are correct?



- (1) Fringe spacing depends on α
- (2) For $\alpha = 0$, there will be constructive interference at point P
- (3) For $\alpha = \frac{0.36}{\pi}$ degree, there will be destructive interference at point P.
- (4) For $\alpha = \frac{0.36}{\pi} degree$, there will be destructive interference at point O.

Ans. 3

- 5. A thin and uniform rod of mass M and length L is held vertical on floor with large friction. The rod is released from rest so that is falls by rotating about is contact-point with the floor without slipping. Which of the following statement(s) si/are correct. When the rod makes an angle 60° with vertical? [g is the acceleration due to gravity]
 - (1) The Normal reaction force from the floor on the rod will be $\frac{\text{Mg}}{16}$
 - (2) The angular acceleration of the rod will be $\frac{2g}{I}$
 - (3) The angular speed of the rod will be $\sqrt{\frac{3g}{2L}}$
 - (4) The radial acceleration of the rod's center of mass will be $\frac{3g}{4}$

Ans. 1,3,4

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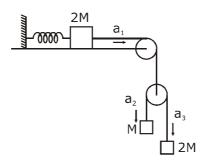
6. A mixture of ideal gas containing 5 moles of monatomic gas and 1 mole of rigid diatomic gas is initially at pressure P_0 . Volume V_0 . and temperature T_0 . If the gas mixture is adiabatically compressed to a volume $V_0/4$, then the correct statement(s) is/are,

(Given $2^{1.2} = 2.3$; $2^{3.2} = 9.2$; R is gas constant)

- (1) Adiabatic constant of the gas mixture is 1.6
- (2) The average kinetic energy of the gas mixture after compression is in between $18RT_0$ and $19RT_0$.
- (3) The final pressure of the gas mixture after compression is in between $9P_0$ ad $10P_0$.
- (4) The work |W| done during the process is 13RT₀.

Ans. 1,3,4

- A block of mass 2M is attached to a massless spring with spring-constant K. This block is connected to two other blocks of masses M and 2M using two massless pulleys and strings. The accelerations of the blocks are a_1 , a_2 and a_3 as shown in the figure. The system is released from rest with The spring in its unstretched state. The maximum extension of the spring is x_0 . Which of the following option(s) is/are correct?
 - [g is the acceleration due to gravity. Neglect friction]



(1)
$$X_0 = \frac{4Mg}{k}$$

(2) When spring achieves an extension of $\frac{x_0}{2}$ for the first time, the speed of the block connected

to the spring is $3g\sqrt{\frac{M}{5k}}$

(3) At an extension of $\frac{x_0}{4}$ of the spring, the magnitude of acceleration of the block connected to

the spring is $\frac{3g}{10}$

(4)
$$a_2 - a_1 = a_1 - a_3$$

Ans.

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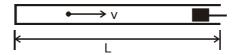
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8. A small particle of mass m moving inside a heavy hollow and straight tube along the tube axis undergoes elastic collision at two ends. The tube has no friction and it is closed at one end by a flat surface while the other end is fitted with a heavy movable flat piston as shown in figure. When the distance of the piston from closed end is $L = L_0$ the particle speed is $v = v_0$. The piston

is moved inward at a very low speed V such that $V \ll \frac{dL}{L} V_0$. Where dL is the infinitesimal displacement of the piston. Which of the following statement(s) is/are correct?

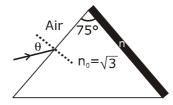


- (1) After each collision with the piston, the particle speed increases by 2V
- (2) If the piston moves inward by dL, the particle speed increases by $2v \frac{dL}{L}$
- (3) The rate at which the particle strikes the piston is v/L.
- (4) The particle's kinetic energy increases by a factor of 4 when the piston is moved inward from L_0 to $\frac{1}{2}L_0$.

Ans. 1,4

Secction-2 (Maximum Marks: 18)

- This section contains SIX (06) questions The answer to each questions is a NUMERICAL VALUE.
- For each question, enter the correct numerical value of the answer using the mouse and the onscreen virtual numeric keypad in the place designated to enter the answer. If the numerical value has more than two decimal places. truncate/roung-off the value of TWO decimal places.
- Answer to each question will be evaluated according to the following marking scheme.
 Full Marks: +3 If **ONLY the** correct numerical value is entered.
 Zero Marks: 0 In all other cases.
- A monochromatic light is incident from air on a refracting surface of a prism of angle 75° and refractive index $\eta_0 = \sqrt{3}$. The other refracting surface of the prism is coated by a thin film of material of refractive index n as shown in figure. The light suffers total internal reflection at the coated prism surface for an incidence angle of $\theta \le 60^\circ$. The value of n² is ______.



Ans. 1.5

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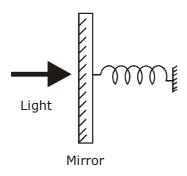
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A perfectly reflecting mirror of mass M mounted on a spring constitutes a spring-mass system of angular frequency Ω such that $\frac{4\pi M\Omega}{h} = 10^{24} \text{m}^{-2}$ with h as Planck's constant. N photons of wavelength $\lambda = 8\pi \times 10^{-6}$ m strike the mirror simultaneously at normal incidence such that the mirror gets displaced by $1\,\mu\text{m}$. If the value of N is $\times \times 10^{12}$, then the value of $\times \times 10^{12}$ is ____ [Consider the spring as massless]



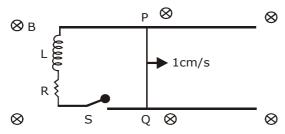
Ans. 1

Suppose a $^{226}_{88}$ Ra nucleus at rest and in ground state undergoes α – decay to a $^{222}_{86}$ Rn nucleus in its excited state. The kinetic energy of the emitted α particle is found to be 4.44 MeV. $^{222}_{86}$ Rn nucleus then goes to its ground state by γ – decay. The energy of the emitted γ photon is ____keV.

[Given: atomic mass of $^{226}_{88}$ Ra = 226.005u atomic mass of $\frac{222}{86}$ Rn = 222.000u, atomic mass of α particle = 4.000 u, 1 u =931 MeV/c², c is speed of the light]

Ans. 135 KeV

A 10 cm long perfectly conducting wire PQ is moving with a velocity 1cm/s on a pair of horizontal rails of zero resistance. One side of the rails is connected to an inductor L=1 mH and a resistance R=1 Ω as shown in figure. The horizontal rails, L and R lie in the same plane with a uniform magnetic field B=1 T perpendicular to the plane. If the key S is closed at certain instant, the current in the circuit after 1 millisecond is x x 10⁻³ A, where the value of x is ____ [Assume the velocity of wire PQ remain constant (1cm/s) after key S is closed. Given: e^{-1} =0.37, where e is base of the natural logarithm]



Ans. 0.63

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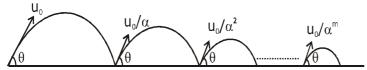
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An optical bench has 1.5 m long scale having four equal divisions in each cm. While measuring the focal length of a convex lens, the lens is kept at 75 cm mark of the scale and the object pin is kept at 45 cm mark. The image of the object pin on the other side of the lens overlaps with image pin that is kept at 135 cm mark. In this experiment, the percentage error in the measurement of the focal length of the lens is____

Ans. 1.38

A ball is thrown from ground at an angle θ with horizontal and with an initial speed u_0 . For the resulting projectile motion, the magnitude of average velocity of the ball up to the point when it hits the ground for the first time is V_1 . After hitting the ground, the ball rebounds at the same angle θ but with a reduced speed of u_0/α . Its motion continues for a long time as shown in figure. If the magnitude of average velocity of the ball for entire duration of motion is $0.8 \ V_1$, the value of α is ______.



Ans. 4

SECTION - 3 [MAXIMUM MARKS: 12]

- This section contains TWO (02) List-Match Sets.
- Each List-Match set has TWO (02) Multiple Choice Questions.
- Each List-Match Set has Two lists: List-I and List-II
- List-I has Four entries (I), (II), (III) and (IV) and List-II has Six entries (P), (Q), (R), (S), (T) and (U).
- FOUR Options are given in each Multiple Choice Question based on List-I and List-II and ONLY ONE of these four options satisfies the condition asked in the Multiple Choice Question.
- Answer to each question will be evaluated according to the following marking scheme:

Full Marks : +3 If ONLY the option corresponding to the correct combination is chosen

Zero Marks : 0 If none of the options is chosen (i.e., the question is unanswered);

Negative Marks : -1 In all other cases

1. A musical instrument is made using four different metal strings, 1, 2, 3 and 4 with mass per unit length μ , 2μ , 3μ and 4μ respectively. The instrument is played by vibrating the strings by varying the free length in between the range L_0 and $2L_0$. It is found that in string-1 (μ) at free length L_0 and tension T_0 the fundamental mode frequency is f_0 .

List-I gives the above four strings while list-II lists the magnitude of some quantity.

List-I (I) String - 1 (μ) (P) 1 (II) String - 2 (2μ) (Q) 1/2 (III) String - 3 (3μ) (R) $1/\sqrt{2}$ (IV) String - 4 (4μ) (S) $1/\sqrt{3}$

1V) String - 4 (4 μ) (S) $1/\sqrt{3}$ (T) 3/16

(I) 3/16 (U) 1/16

If the tension in each string is T_0 , the correct match for the highest fundamental frequency in f_0 units will be

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Ans.

2. A musical instrument is made using four different metal strings, 1, 2, 3 and 4 with mass per unit length μ , 2μ , 3μ and 4μ respectively. The instrument is played by vibrating the strings by varying the free length in between the range L_0 and $2L_0$. It is found that in string-1 (μ) at free length L_0 and tension T_0 the fundamental mode frequency is f_0 . List-I gives the above four strings while list -II lists the magnitude of some quantity.

(I) String - 1 (μ)

(II) String - 2 (2μ)

(III) String - 3 (3μ)

(IV) String - 4 (4μ)

List-II

(P) 1

(Q) 1/2

(R) $1/\sqrt{2}$

(S) $1/\sqrt{3}$

(T) 3/16

(U) 1/16

The length of the strings 1,2,3 and 4 are kept fixed at L_0 , $\frac{3L_0}{2}$, $\frac{5L_0}{4}$ and $\frac{7L_0}{4}$, respectively. S

trings 1,2,3 and 4 are vibrated at their 1st, 3rd, 5th and 14th harmonics, respectively such that all the strings have same frequency. The correct match for the tension in the four strings in the

(3) I - T, II - Q, III - R, IV - U

Ans.

3. In a thermodynamic process on an ideal monatomic gas, the infinitesimal heat absorbed by the gas is given by $T\Delta X$, where T is temperature of the system and ΔX is the infinitesimal change in

a thermodynamic quantity X of the system. For a mole of monatomic ideal gas $X = \frac{3}{2} R \ln \left(\frac{T}{T_{-}} \right)$

+ R In $\left(\frac{V}{V_A}\right)$. Here, R is gas constant, V is volume of gas, T_A and V_A are constants.

The List-I below gives some quantities involved in a process and List-II gives some possible values of these quantities.

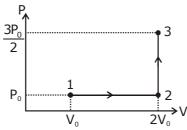
List-I

- (I) Work done by the system in process $1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3$ (P) $\frac{1}{3}$ RT₀ In 2
- (II) Change in internal energy in process $1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3$ (Q) $\frac{1}{3}$ RT₀
- (III) Heat absorbed by the system in process $1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3$
- (IV) Heat absorbed by the system in process $1 \rightarrow 2$
- (S) $\frac{4}{3}$ RT₀
- (T) $\frac{1}{3}$ RT₀ (3 + ln 2)
- (U) $\frac{5}{6}$ RT₀

If the process carried out on one mole of monatomic ideal gas is as shown in figure in the PV -



diagram with $P_0V_0 = \frac{1}{3} RT_0$. The correct match is -



4. In a thermodynamic process on an ideal monatomic gas, the infinitesimal heat absorbed by the gas is given by $T\Delta X$, where T is temperature of the system and ΔX is the infinitesimal change in

a thermodynamic quantity X of the system. For a mole of monatomic ideal gas $X = \frac{3}{2} R \ln \left(\frac{T}{T_A} \right)$

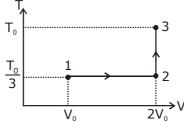
+ R In $\left(\frac{V}{V_A}\right)$. Here, R is gas constant, V is volume of gas, T_A and V_A are constants.

The List-I below gives some quantities involved in a process and List-II gives some possible values of these quantities.

List - I

- (I) Work done by the system in process $1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3$ (P) $\frac{1}{3}$ RT₀ In 2
- (II) Change in internal energy in process $1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3$ (Q) $\frac{1}{3}$ RT₀
- (III) Heat absorbed by the system in process $1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3$
- (IV) Heat absorbed by the system in process $1 \rightarrow 2$
- (T) $\frac{1}{3}$ RT₀ (3 + ln 2)
- (U) $\frac{5}{6}$ RT₀

If the process carried out on one mole of monatomic ideal gas is as shown in the TV - diagram with $P_0V_0 = \frac{1}{3} RT_0$. The correct match is -



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90 To 93	₹ 1,01,500	₹ 94,250	
85 To 90	₹ 1,08,750	₹ 1,01,500	
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